## Two-sample qualitative variable problems, OR What fresh p is this?

 $p_1$ : The population proportion for group 1. For example, what fraction of CRC students usually take public transportation to school. Note: You probably don't know this number.

 $\hat{p}_1$ : The sample proportion for group 1. Also,  $\hat{p}_1 = \frac{x_1}{n_1}$ .

 $p_2$ : The population proportion for group 2. For example, what fraction of Sac City students usually take public transportation to school. Note: You probably don't know this number.

 $\hat{p}_2$ : The sample proportion for group 2. Also,  $\hat{p}_2 = \frac{x_2}{n_2}$ .

 $\hat{p}$ : The pooled sample proportion. Assuming there is no difference between groups, combine the sample:  $\hat{p} = \frac{x_1 + x_2}{n_1 + n_2}$ .

Then calculate z. And finally, as always, find the...

*p*-value: Assuming the populations are equal, what is the probability of getting two sample proportions as different as you got or more so?